## 2020 · CAN I DELAY DISTRIBUTIONS FROM THE TRADITIONAL IRA I INHERITED?





## Start Here

All RMDs are waived for Was the owner of the You are an Eligible 2020. You do not need to Designated Beneficiary. IRA the account's original take an RMD in 2020. owner? Continue to see if you can At the time of the delay distributions in owner's death, were you subsequent years. either a minor child of Did the owner pass away the owner, fewer than before their Required Yes No 10 years younger than Beginning Date (April 1st the owner, disabled, or of the year after the year Did you inherit a chronically ill? they attained age 72)? Traditional IRA from an Did the original owner account owner other than pass away after your spouse? December 31, 2019? Yes No No Yes Yes No Yes No You are a Non-Eligible The greatest deferral Designated Beneficiary. allowed is per the "Life Expectancy Rule," under Did the owner of the IRA You are not subject to which you must take pass away after RMDs. The greatest RMDs over your life You are not subject to expectancy (using the IRS December 31, 2019? deferral allowed is under Single Life Expectancy the "10-Year Rule," by RMDs. The greatest deferral allowed is under Table), beginning no later which you must withdraw the entire account balance the "10-Year Rule," by than December 31st of the by the end of the 10th which you must withdraw year after the year of the Yes No year after the year of the the entire account balance owner's death. prior owner's death. by the end of the 10th year after the year of the prior owner's death. See the "Can I Delay the RMD From the Traditional You are not subject to IRA I Inherited?" 2019 If you are a minor child of RMDs. The greatest flowchart. the owner, you will become deferral allowed is under the "10-Year Rule:" subject to the "10-Year Rule" after attaining the however, you must continue the prior owner's age of majority. See the "Should I Inherit 10-year window. My Deceased Spouse's Traditional IRA?" flowchart.

The greatest deferral allowed is per the "Life Expectancy Rule," under which you must take RMDs over the longer of your life expectancy or the owner's life expectancy (using the IRS Single Life Expectancy Table), beginning no later than December 31st of the year after the year of the owner's death.

For RMDs in following years subtract one from the initial life expectancy calculation.

If there are multiple beneficiaries of the IRA, each should establish their own inherited IRA no later than September 30th (and the IRA must be divided by December 31st) of the year after the year of the original owner's death, in order to use their own life expectancy; otherwise, RMDs will be based on the life expectancy of the oldest beneficiary.



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